



Obama's Debt By The Numbers

- \$46.5 Trillion:** Total Federal Spending Proposed By Obama's FY 2014 Budget Through 2023. ([OMB](#), 4/10/13)
- \$25.8 Trillion:** Projected Federal Debt In 2023 Due To Obama's Binge Spending. ([OMB](#), 7/8/13)
- \$16.7 Trillion:** Current National Debt (\$16,747,419,536,935.48). ([U.S. Treasury Department](#), Accessed 10/10/13)
- \$8.7 Trillion:** Amount Obama's FY 2014 Budget Would Add To The Debt Through FY2023. ([OMB](#), 7/8/13)
- \$6.1 Trillion:** Added To The National Debt Since Obama Took Office. ([U.S. Treasury Department](#), Accessed 10/10/13)
- \$5.1 Trillion:** Total Interest Payments On The National Debt Due To Obama's Proposed Budget, FY 2014-2023. ([CBO](#), 6/21/13)
- \$4 Trillion:** Amount Of Added Debt Then-Sen. Obama Called "Unpatriotic" In 2008. ([Remarks At A Campaign Event](#), 7/3/08)
- \$2.6 Trillion:** True Cost Of ObamaCare Once Fully Implemented. (Office Of The Speaker Of The U.S. House Of Representatives, [Report](#), 1/6/11)
- \$1.8 Trillion:** New Federal Spending For ObamaCare's Coverage Provisions From 2014 To 2023. ([CBO](#), 7/30/13)
- \$1.5 Trillion:** Total Tax Increases In The Senate Democrat Budget. ([The Wall Street Journal](#), 3/14/13)
- \$1.413 Trillion:** Federal Budget Deficit For FY2009 – Highest In U.S. History. ([CBO](#), 2/5/13)
- \$1.296 Trillion:** Federal Budget Deficit For FY2011 – Second Highest In U.S. History. ([CBO](#), 2/5/13)
- \$1.294 Trillion:** Federal Budget Deficit For FY2010 – Third Highest In U.S. History. ([CBO](#), 2/5/13)
- \$1.2 Trillion:** Total New Taxes On American Families And Businesses In Obama's Budget. ([OMB](#), 4/10/13)
- \$1.09 Trillion:** Federal Budget Deficit For FY2012 – Fourth Highest In U.S. History. ([CBO](#), 6/21/13)
- \$819.3 Billion:** Amount Of Taxes In ObamaCare. ([CBO](#), 3/13/12; [ICT](#), 6/15/12; [CBO](#), 7/30/13)
- \$518 Billion:** Amount Of Regulatory Burden Since Obama Took Office. ([American Action Forum](#), 1/14/13)

- \$236.7 Billion: Amount Of Regulatory Burden In 2012.** ([American Action Forum](#), 1/14/13)
- \$44 Billion: Cost Of Improper Medicare Payments In 2012.** ([GAO](#), p. 53, 2/13)
- \$19.2 Billion: Cost Of Improper Medicaid Payments In 2012.** ([GAO](#), p. 53, 2/13)
- \$48.6 Million: Cost Of All IRS Conferences From FY2010 To FY2012.** ([TIGTA](#), 5/31/13)
- \$52,998: Your Share Of The National Debt.** ([U.S. Treasury Department](#) Accessed 10/10/13; [U.S. Census Bureau](#), Accessed 10/10/13)
- \$19,369: Increase In Your Share Of The National Debt Since Obama Took Office.** ([U.S. Treasury Department](#) Accessed 10/10/13; [U.S. Census Bureau](#), Accessed 10/10/13)
- 2033: Year That Social Security Will Run Dry.** ([The Wall Street Journal](#), 5/31/13)
- 2026: Year That Medicare's Trust Fund Will Be Exhausted.** ([The Trustees Of Social Security & Medicare](#), 4/23/12)
- 2016: Year That Social Security's Disability Insurance Program Will Run Dry.** ([CBO](#), 3/14/13)
- 2006: Year That Every Senate Democrat Voted Against Raising The Debt Limit.** ([H.J. Res 47](#): Adopted 52-48)
- 2004: Year That Every House Democrat Voted Against Raising The Debt Limit.** ([S. 2986, Roll Call Vote 536](#), Adopted 208-204)
- 75%: Federal Debt Held By The Public As Share Of GDP By The End Of FY2013.** ([CBO](#), 6/21/13)
- 61%: Americans That Reject Obama's Demand For A Clean Debt Limit Vote.** ([Bloomberg](#), 9/26/13)
- 34.4% Washington's Share Of The Economy When Combining Federal Regulation And Spending.** ([Competitive Enterprise Institute](#), 5/21/13)
- 27: Times Since 1978 That The Debt Ceiling Increase Has Been Accompanied By Legislation Dealing With Other Matters.** ([Congressional Research Service](#), 2/15/13)
- 7: Debt Limit Increases Thus Far Under Obama.** ([Office Of Management And Budget](#), Accessed 10/9/13)
- 4: Years Under Obama That Government Spending As A Percentage Of GDP Has Exceeded Its 40-Year Average.** ([CBO](#), 11/7/12; [OMB](#), Accessed 10/10/13)
- 4: Pinnocchio's For Obama's Remark That The Debt Ceiling Has Never Been Used As A Negotiating Tactic To Achieve Legislative Concessions.** ([The Washington Post's The Fact Checker](#), 9/19/13)